

A Resolution to Double Native American Reserves

1 WHEREAS, Native Americans occupied nearly all of the land of the continental United States
2 before colonization, and were forced out of this land without appropriate compensation; and

3 WHEREAS, Native American traditional medicines, environmental practices, and community
4 structures are in some cases more effective than Western models at creating sustainable
5 populations; and

6 WHEREAS, Reparations in the form of food, money, and medical supplies were promised to
7 various tribes by the U.S. government since colonization, but not fulfilled on every occasion; and

8 WHEREAS, The land promised to Native Americans has slowly shrunk as the federal
9 government infringes on their borders, in some cases disregarding land rights for economic gain;
10 now, therefore, be it

11 RESOLVED, By the Congress here assembled that the United States fulfill each signed contract
12 accounting for modern inflation since 1500 between the United States/American Colonists and
13 Native American Tribes; and, be it

14 FURTHER RESOLVED, That the land currently allocated to National Parks admit Native
15 Americans for permanent residence and land use.

Marshall Islands Nuclear Dome Remediation Act

1 SECTION 1. The United States shall remove the current Runit Dome housing nuclear
2 waste from the Marshall Islands, and transport the contained nuclear waste to a location within
3 the continental U.S. to be housed in perpetuity.

4 SECTION 2. The Runit Dome currently holds about 3.1 million cubic feet of U.S.-
5 produced radioactive soil and debris; this facility is at risk of erosion and rupture due to rising
6 sea levels.

7 SECTION 3. The U.S. Department of Defense will work in conjunction with the
8 Environmental Protection Agency to fulfill this legislation.
9 Prior to the execution of this legislation, an expected budget will be created by the
10 Environmental Protection Agency and the Department of Defense in tandem. The Marshall
11 Islands shall be expected to cover 25% of total costs, the remaining funding shall be allocated
12 by the U.S. Treasury in the coming fiscal year.

13 The Environmental Protection Agency will be in charge of identifying the location in the
14 Continental U.S. to house the transported waste, as well as building and maintaining the
15 facility.

16 SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect 18 months from passage. All laws in
17 conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Support the Shift to Sustainable Energy

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. Fossil fuel companies will receive performance-based grants to shift away
3 from fossil fuel energy production to renewable energy production.

4 SECTION 2. Fossil fuel energy shall be defined as any oil, natural gas, or coal energy.
5 Renewable energy shall be defined as wind, hydro, solar, geothermal, and bioenergy.

6 Performance-based grants will be given based on the percent change of energy production
7 from fossil fuels to renewable energy.

8 SECTION 3. The Department of the Interior (DOI), the Energy Information
9 Administration (EIA), and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) shall be responsible
10 for the implementation of this legislation.

11 The DOI and the EIA shall work together to monitor the companies' shift to renewable energy
12 and determine the allocation of the grants. If a company uses the grants improperly, they shall
13 be retracted and the company will not be eligible for receiving grants for one (1) year.

14 The EPA shall be responsible for ensuring that companies are engaging in best practices for
15 shifting to renewable energy.

16 SECTION 4. This legislation shall come into effect 6 months upon passage. All laws in
17 conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

2023 (NOF) Pine Invitational
Middle School Congress Docket - Legislation #4